THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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THE WAR IN EGYPT.

Positions of General Buller--His Retreat Explained.

General Stewart Added to the List of the Mahdi's Victims.

Troops Going Forward--The Militia Called Out.

The Egyptian War.

KORTI, February 20. General Sir Herbert Stewart, who was wounded in the battle of Abu Klea, died on the 16th at Gakdul wells, to which place he had been removed. His death casts a gloom over the entire British army. Surgeons state that General Stewart's wound was of such a character that recovery was hopeless from the first.

LONDON, February 20 A despatch from Korti says General Buller, who began his retreat from Gubat several days ago, was compelled to halt at Abu Klea wells and entrench his troops in position there in order to safely defend himself against El Mahdi's men, who gathered in large numbers on his line of retreat and who were continually menacing the British force. A special despatch indicates that General Wolseley will have to send strong reinforcements to General Buller if the latter is to be rescued from his perilous position. Grave fears are entertained that Buller may meet the fate of Gordon unless speedily succored.

A dispatch has been received from Korti dated yesterday in which the retreat of General Buller from Gubat is further explained. This dispatch says El Mahdi on the 11th inst had been engaged for three days in the work of collecting an army outside of Khartoum for an advance against the English at Gubat. He was loading steamers with guns and ammunition. On the eighth inst. he dispatched two sheikhs with three thousand men and four guns down the right bank of the Nile to erect a fort opposite the English camp at Gubat.

It is noticed that the quantity of ammunition and projectiles now under process of manufacture at Woolwich arsenal for transport to Egypt is greater than the quantity sent out of the country during the entire period of the Crimean war. This fact induces the belief that the government is preparing for a long campaign.

The government has called out the militia and suspended transfers of officers from the regular army to reserves. This action has created a profound sensation and general feeling of alarm for the safety of military forces under General Buller, also those under Wolseley and Brackenbury. The opinion is fully expressed that the war office has received more startling information from Wolseley than made public.

LONDON, February 20. A dispatch from Lord Wolseley advising the government of the death of General Stewart says: "General Stewart will be buried at the entrance of the valley leading to Gakdul. He will receive a soldier's funeral. No braver soldier or more brilliant leader ever wore the queen's uniform. England can ill afford to lose this young general."

Another message from Lord Wolseley says General Buller reports from Abu Klea Tuesday as follows. "About thirty of the enemy's cavalry scouted around us all Monday. They were reinforced about an hour before sunset by 400 infantry armed with rifles. The infantry crossed northeast of us over in the hills and keep up a well maintained desultory long-range fire. This fire has thus far caused 16 casualities. I am perfectly safe here against an attack, even by a large force, but of course this long range firing is annoying." General Wood, who is at Gakdul, is sending transports of camels to General Buller as the latter needs additional transport service.

Lord Wolseley further says. "I anticipate that on the arrival of the camels at Abu Klea General Buller will move to Gakdul."

KORTI, February 20. A band of Arab sharpshooters made an attack on Buller's command near Abu Klea, firing at long range. Many rebels were killed. The British lost two men killed, four officers wounded. The Arabs finally withdrew.

LONDON, February 20 The Third battalion Grenadier guards started for Suakim to-day. Previous to their starting from Windsor they were addressed by the Prince of Wales. He said he well remembered the day, thirty-one years ago, when this same battalion departed for the Crimea and he distinctly recalled the bravery with which they bore their part in that great victory. In the campaign upon which they were now entering he felt sure they would uphold the honor of their country. In conclusion he wished them God speed and a safe and speedy return to England. After this address the prince shook hands heartily with the officers, while the men raised an enthusiastic cheer. The queen commemorated the occasion by sending an autograph letter to the officers. She assured them of her good wishes and prayers. After inspection was over the guards marched from the castle to the Southwestern railway. The streets through which they passed were brightly decorated with flags and banners Crowds of people thronged the walks and cheered as the Grenadiers marched by.

Morning papers comment harshly on Gladstone's studied silence in regard to General Gordon. They say it could have done the premier no harm, politically, to have expressed some admiration for the heroism and some regret at the fate of the defender of Khartoum

A dispatch from Korti states that the Mahdi has ordered all tribes on the east bank of the Nile to assemble opposite Gubat.

ROME, February 20 -- General Ricotti and Admiral Brin, ministers respectively of war and marine, are preparing to take prompt measures in event of the conclusion of an alliance with England. In case a plan of concerted action by Italian and English forces in the Soudan is adopted, General Ricci will assume command of the Italian contingent.

The Reserves Called Out.

LONDON, February 20. In the lords to-day Earl Granville presented the queen's message calling out the reserve and ordering the embodiment of military in view of the necessities in Egypt and protection of the interest of the empire. Her majesty's message consists of two portions, one ordering out the reserves, the other for the embodiment or calling out of the militia. The reserves are soldiers who have completed their first term of service, six years, with their colors and are then allowed to retire to civilian life They are always liable however to be summoned in cases of emergency to serve another term of six years with their regiments They receive as retaining fee sixpence a day. The militia are an entirely distinct body. They need not necessarily have ever been in the army. They form the third line of national defense, volunteers forming the fourth.

Parliamentary Proceedings

LONDON, February 20 In the house of lords, Lord Derby, secretary of state for the colonies, stated that the country was deeply indebted to British colonies for the public spirited manner in which they had come forward with offers of aid to the queen.

The Duke of Cambridge, commander in-chief of the forces, expressed the pleasure the queen and the military authorities would have in helping forward any arrangement proposed by the colonies to aid the mother country in the work on hand in Egypt.

Earl Derby added that New South Wales was the first country to offer volunteers and had undertaken to defray their entire expenses. In regard to other colonies whose offers came a little later, he said the government were in communication with them as to matters of detail, which would doubtless soon be settled. These offers possessed an incalculably beneficial moral effect.

Earl Derby and the Duke of Cambridge paid touching tributes to the memory of General Earle and General Stewart, those gallant soldiers who nobly fell while fulfilling their duty.

In the commons the Marquis of Hartington, secretary of state for war, in reply to questions stated that Prince Hassan had been appointed governor general of the Soudan at the suggestion of General Lord Wolseley. Prince Hassan would be under the authority of Lord Wolseley. The marquis also stated that the government expects Lord Wolseley will to-day have received a volume of General Gordon's diary. The remaining volumes, believed to be five in number, were on the way from Gubat to Korti. After he had seen these volumes the marquis continued, he would be better able to state whether or not their contents would be published.

Gladstone replying to an interrogatory put by Forster, ex-chief secretary for Ireland, said the British colonies offering military assistance were New South Wales, Canada, Victoria, South Australia and Queensland. The offer of New South Wales was a remarkable one. [Cheers.] It had been accepted with such acknowledgement of the public spirit displayed by the colony and with those feelings of thankfulness which everybody must admit were required.

Gladstone announced that the question of granting a special allowance to the family of General Gordon was receiving careful attention of the government. In accordance with his promise of yesterday, he to-day named the debate for debate on Sir Stafford Northcote's motion of censure. Gladstone fixed Monday next as the day. He also announced that on Monday the queen's message summoning the reserves would be considered.

The Queen's Call.

LONDON, February 20. The queen's message does not call out reserves, but orders soldiers serving who would otherwise be entitled to retire as reserves to remain in active service Two batteries of artillery and six regiments of infantry of the militia, one being an Irish regiment, will be embodied. It is believed a portion of the militia will be used to garrison Ireland.

French Barbarities.

LONDON, February 20. The Times Tai Wau Foo correspondent says: The Chinese are exasperated over treatment by the French of Chinese prisoners at Kelung. When the prisoners were unable to work for want of food the French attacked them with bayonets. If that failed to move them, they were shot. Three large men-of-war were recently seen pursuing and firing big guns at one little Chinese junk. The ill-feeling of the Chinese is extending to English for allowing Hong Kong to be used as a base of such operations. The situation is dangerous.

Startling Confession.

PHILADELPHIA, February 20. At the coroner's inquest this afternoon in regard to twenty victims of the recent fire at the Blackley alms house a sensation was developed by the confession of Joseph Nadine, a young negro, that he had set fire to the building and was instigated to the act by Peter J. Schroeder, one of the chief attendants. Nadine is about 20 years of age. He was committed to the institution as an imbecile but it is said by physicians of the institution that he is morally responsible, and that he was frequently permitted to go home unattended. As a result of Nadine's confession Schroeder was arrested. Nadine said Schroeder had given him a match on the night of the calamity and told him to set the place on fire. Nadine then went to Dr. Young's room and lighting the match applied it to some rubbish on the floor, and he then called Schroeder and the two with the assistance of an attendant named Mullen endeavored to get the patients out but the fire gained such headway that they were forced to leave the building. Nadine says when Schroeder gave him the match he told him to set fire to the building, he was tired of the place and was going to leave, and disliked Doctor Richardson because he had refused to give him a railroad pass. Nadine intimates that Attendant Mullen also knew of his having set the fire but thinks he did not know of it till the next day. Schroeder after his arrest admitted that he had intended leaving the institution but denied the truth of Nadine's story or that he had ever said he was "down on Dr. Richardson."

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Gov. Eaton's Appointments to State Offices Made Public.

Republicans Request the Withdrawal of Two Names.

Progress of Legislation in Both Branches Yesterday.

Gubernatorial Appointments

DENVER, February 20. The proceedings of the senate secret caucus held at noon to-day have not been given to the public. The representative of the associated press is however informed that it was decided in caucus to request the governor to withdraw the names of Frank Taylor, of Lake City, who was appointed adjutant general, and Frank Reardon, of Lake county, who was appointed to be inspector general. It is said that the republicans will insist upon the withdrawal of these names. The gentlemen whom Governor Eaton yesterday appointed to the various state offices are as follows. Frank Taylor, of Lake City, to be adjutant general; General R. A Cameron, Denver, to be warden of the penitentiary, Frank Reardon, of Lake county, to be inspector general, Charles Boettcher to be commissioner of the penitentiary, G. Wyman and R. A Southworth to be trustees of the agricultural college, C. C. Welch and James T. Smith to be trustees of the school of mines, P. R. Thombs to be superintendent of the insane asylum, Senor Romero to be commissioner of the insane asylum. The offices of fish commissioner and state engineer were not filled by yesterday's appointments.

Colorado Legislature.

SENATE.

DENVER, February 20. The senate was convened at 10 a. m. by the lieutenant governor.

Senator Howbert presented a petition for the restriction of the manufacture of oleomargarine. Committee of the whole.

Senator Lee presented a similar petition. Committee of the whole.

Senator Galloway, chairman of the committee on incorporations, reported back S. B. No. 117, concerning the state reform school and house of correction, with the recommendation that it be referred to the committee of the whole, and to pass with certain amendments; adopted.

On motion of Senator Rising the senate took up H. B. No. 109, concerning judicial districts, as the special order at 10.30 a. m.

The bill was read the third time and the yeas and nays being called, the bill passed unanimously. The emergency clause was adopted and the title agreed to.

On motion of Senator Freeman the senate resolved itself into committee of the whole on the general order with Senator Cornish in the chair.

On motion of Senator Howard the committee first considered S B No. 92, on roads and highways. The report of the committee on roads and bridges was read.

S. B. No. 112, concerning roads and highways, was taken up and the report of the committee on roads and bridges was read.

Senator Wells, Howbert and Greene suggested some amendments as to road tax.

Senator Howard said that the bill should provide that poor men could work out their road tax.

Senator Bostwick replied that the law already provided that.

Some amendments as to form were adopted.

On motion of Senator Greene the bill was ordered printed as amended, engrossed and placed on file for third reading and final passage.

S. B. No. 112, by Senator Cornish, was taken up and the report of the committee on roads and bridges was read and adopted.

On motion of Senator Greene the title of the act was amended and section 1 adopted.

Senator Eddy offered an amendment as to the levy of taxes and their distribution. Adopted.

Senator Rising said that section 2 was almost identical with a provision in a house bill, and moved to incorporate some of its provisions, but before action was taken he withdrew his motion.

Senator Greene suggested that Senator Rising's amendment should be adopted

Senator Rising then offered his amendment a second time, which was adopted.

On motion of Senator Greene the bill was ordered to be reported with recommendation that it be reprinted, as amended engrossed, placed on file for third reading and final passage.

Senator Chilcott objected to the reprinting of so many bills, as the estate incurred so great an expense thereby.

Senator Greene urged as a new section had been added, that, under the constitution, it should be reprinted.

Senator Greene's motion was then adopted.

Senate bill No. 64, by Senator Woodworth, was next considered, concerning the killing of stock. The report from the stock committee was read

On motion of Senator Bostwick the bill was recommitted.

On motion of Senator Wells the committee rose, reported, and asked leave to sit again at 2 p. m.

Senator Cornish's report from the committee of the whole was adopted.

On motion of Senator Waters a recess was taken until 2 p. m.

The senate reconvened at 2 p. m.

On motion the senate resolved itself into committee of the whole on the general file with Senator Cornish in the chair.

S. B. 120, by Senator Stevenson, concerning garnishment, was first considered and the recommendation of the judiciary committee that the bill do pass was adopted

S. B. 124, by Senator Chilcott, concerning disposal of town lots, was taken up, read and recommended for passage.

S. B. 85, concerning expert witnesses' fees, was reported back with the recommendation that it be indefinitely postponed.

S. B 49, by Senator Freeman, to form the county of Iliff, was called up and the report of the committee on county and county lines that the bill, as amended, do pass, was adopted The bill was read and on motion of Senator Freeman was recommended for third reading and final passage.

S. B. No. 182, by Senator Wells, to prevent the spreading of fires, was then considered The report of the committee on agriculture and manufactures with certain amendments that it do pass was adopted. The bill was referred to the judiciary committee for amendments.

Senator Howbert asked for the re-reading of the report of the committee of the whole on bill No 112, and said that it was burdensome on incorporated towns. Taxes collected for roads in incorporated towns should be turned over to those towns for streets

On motion of Senator Howard the bill was referred again to the judiciary committee.

S B No 60, by Senator Greene, concerning willful trespass in orchards, was called up. The bill was read and on motion of Senator Stevenson was reported back with the recommendation that it be engrossed and placed on file for third reading and final passage.

S. B. No. 103, concerning oleomargarine, by Senator Wells, was considered. The report of the committee on agriculture and manufacture was read that with certain amendments it do pass.

A communication was read showing that the manufacture of oleomargarine enhanced the value of cattle $3 per head, and a law preventing and restricting the manufacture of the article would be a loss of $1,500,000 on cattle and $500,000 on hogs, or a total of $2,000,000 to the state.

A long discussion upon the merits of the several sections of the bill followed, during which the senators examined some butterine and oleomargarine which had been brought into the senate for inspection.

Senator Wells moved that the committee recommend to the senate that the bill be engrossed, placed on file for third reading, and that it do pass. Adopted.

The committee rose and Senator Cornish, chairman, reported the proceedings of the committee of the whole.

Recommendations from the committee of the whole were adopted except as to senate bill No. 85, concerning expert witnesses' fees.

Senator Stevenson opposed the adoption of the report of the committee of the whole that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Senator Tilford took a similar view.

Senator Greene said the bill should receive further consideration and moved that it be recommitted to the committee of the whole. Adopted

The senate adjourned until 2 p. m. Monday.

HOUSE.

In the house three petitions were presented in favor of the Stuart railroad bill.

Committee reports:

S. B. 26, that it pass.

H. B. No. 8, that it be indefinitely postponed.

H. B. No. 18, that it be indefinitely postponed

H. B. 378, that it be indefinitely postponed.
H B. 381, that it be indefinitely postponed.
H B. 19, that it pass.
H B. 125, that it be indefinitely postponed.
H B. 119, that it pass.
H. B. 320, that it pass.
H B. 122, that it be indefinitely postponed.
H. B. 151, that it pass as amended.
H. B 31, that it pass as amended.
H. J. M. No. 5, that it pass as amended

Mr. Dickson moved that the vote by which house bill No. 107 providing for a monument for Colorado soldiers killed in the war of the rebellion was indefinitely postponed be reconsidered and that the bill be recommitted. The motion was adopted after a short discussion.

On motion of Mr. Pence it was decided that when the house adjourned from the morning session it be until 10 a. m. Saturday.

S. B. No. 30, relating to counties and county officers was read the first time.

S. B. No. 48, by Senator Stead, providing for a state census, was read a second time and referred to committee on census.

The following bills were read a third time and placed on their final passage:

S. J. M No. 1, favoring the passage of a bill before congress granting $15,000 to each agricultural college in the United States. Passed without opposition.

H. J. M No. 3, by Mr. Bradley, to secure to Anson Rudd, the return of the United States government of an unused penitentiary site at Canon City. Passed without opposition.

H. B No. 108, by Mr. Gilmore, relating to the usurpation of an office or franchise and making actions to recover such office or franchise, take precedence over all others. Adopted without opposition.

H. B. No. 208, by Mr. Bradley, protecting employes from impositions practiced upon them by employers, was read a third time but being found to be very incorrectly engrossed, two sections which had been stricken out appearing in the engrossed bill, it was referred back to the committee on engrossment with instructions to that committee to hereafter observe the minutes of the clerk on bills ordered for engrossment.

H. J. R. No. 6, by Mr. Lewis, favoring the coinage of silver money. Adopted without opposition.

On motion of Mr. Gilmore the rules were suspended to admit the report of the judiciary committee on S. B. No. 36, regarding game and repealing the hawk head bounty law. The bill was ordered re-engrossed and read a third time.

An Editor Assassinated

PANAMA, February 20 The startling news comes from Morelia that Lucus Gonzales, editor of the Explorador, whose recent arrest and subsequent release by the government caused so much excitement, was assassinated Tuesday. Five soldiers in civilian's dress shot him on the street They escaped. He lived a few minutes.

The British steamer Preston from New York January 20 for Portsmouth has not yet arrived at her destination. Great anxiety is felt for her safety.

SENATORIAL BALLOTS.

Oregon's Assembly Fails to Elect a U. S. Senator.

Balloting in Illinois Begins to Show Some Change.

Property and Life Destroyed by Railroad Collisions.

Fruitless Balloting

SALEM, Oregon, February 20 --The last day's balloting for senator began promptly at noon to-day. At the final caucus this morning Hirsch's friends resolved to stand by him until he was elected or asked them to vote for some other candidate. On the first ballot he received thirty-four, a gain of five. On the fifth ballot he lost one and his vote has stood unchanged till this hour, 2 p. m, through 21 ballots.

SALEM, Ore, February 20, 9. p. m No change in the situation. Voting proceeds slowly and the clerks are getting tired.

LATER -- Adjourned without election. Hirsch received thirty seven.

The Illinois Deadlock

SPRINGFIELD, February 20. On the second ballot Streeter made the first break and voted for Morrison, which was received with applause. He was followed by Mr. Pherry, who had heretofore voted for Detwiler but now cast his vote for Morrison. The vote then stood Logan 100, Morrison 97, Haines 2, scattering; total 204.

In the third and last ballot O'Shea changed to Morrison, and McMillan voted for Logan, both of which votes were received with great applause. The vote then stood Logan 101, Morrison 98; scattering 7.

Many members left for home to-night. There will probably be no quorum until Tuesday.

Break for Liberty.

DENVER, February 20 A Tribune-Republican Santa Fe special says: A break of some of the prisoners in the penitentiary here occurred this afternoon. Four of the prisoners, Charlie Spencer, a five-year man; Charlie Ray, three year, Daniel Ewing and Gregory Sanchez, two-year men, were at the stone quarry about two miles north of town under guard of two men, John Ford and George Davis Preparatory to coming home Davis handed his gun to Ford and commenced to handcuff Ray, when that prisoner jumped on him and knocked him down while the others made a break on Ford, seized the guns, knocked both guards down, stripped them of their clothing and took to the hills. It was some time before the news reached the city, and a posse immediately started in pursuit. One prisoner, Richardson, a one year man, would not go. He says the escaped prisoners told him friends and horses would await them about ten miles from Santa Fe. Their recapture is therefore doubtful.

Fatal Railroad Accidents.

CINCINNATI, February 20. As an Ohio & Mississippi passenger train east bound was leaving North Vernon, Indiana, a broken rail threw the sleeper down an embankment. Two persons were killed and several injured. One of the killed was Mr. Edridge of Jefferson, Texas. The names of the others are not yet known.

LATER The car had but three passengers and the conductor and porter aboard. E P. Edridge was killed instantly. The colored porter, named Carroll, died shortly after. The other two passengers and conductor escaped.

CINCINNATI, February 20 Late this afternoon another dead body was taken from the wrecked sleeper. It was found to be P. J. Plaup of St. Louis.

WASHINGTON, February 20 A collision last night occurred at a point on the line of the Baltimore & Potomac railroad south of where the Chesapeake and Ohio canal crosses the track by viaduct. The train was passing under the arch of the viaduct and met a freight train just at the north entrance of the arch on a sharp curve. Both engines rolled over on the inner side of the curve and the mail car of the passenger train was telescoped on the tender of the engine. None of the other cars left the track Both engineers and firemen and the conductor of the passenger train were killed, and the mail agent and several passengers slightly injured. The engineer of the passenger train had both legs and one arm cut off and died before he was taken from the wreck. The conductor of the passenger train was crushed between two of the cars and the engineer of the freight and fireman of the passenger train were evidently killed when the engines came together. None of the passengers were seriously injured.

The safe of the express car had been opened shortly before the accident and the flames made such headway that the express agents could not close it. The contents burned. On account of the way bills having been burned it cannot now be told just how much money was in the safe but it is variously estimated all the way from $75,000 to $150,000. About a bushel of silver dollars were taken out of the wreck, being badly burned, and many more were melted into silver chunks The loss to the railroad company is estimated at $25,000. Postal officials say the collision caused the largest loss of mail matter of which there is any record in the department. The fire which resulted from the collision destroyed thirteen through registered mail pouches coming from New Orleans, Mobile and other points in the south and destined for Washington, New York and eastern cities. These pouches are known to have contained money and valuables but to what amount cannot yet be ascertained. The fire also destroyed 100 sacks of ordinary mail and 180 registered letters taken up for delivery along the line and not enclosed in pouches. The ordinary mail lost is supposed to have come from Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi and other southern states. It is impossible as yet to tell where the blame for the disaster rests, as all who could throw any light on the matter are dead or so badly injured that the facts cannot be ascertained.

DENVER, February 20. A Santa Fe special to the Tribune-Republican says: John Breed, Jr, was instantly killed and Morris Barth dangerously wounded in a collision last night on the Atlantic & Pacific. Both were young merchants at Holbrook, Arizona, about thirty years old and single. Breed is a nephew of John Breed, of Flagstaff, and Barth brother of Sol Barth, of St. John's, Arizona. The collision was caused by a freight train ahead of time running into the rear of a passenger train at Blue Water station.

CHICAGO, February 20. At the stock yards this evening a gang of laborers on the Burlington track stepped aside to avoid an incoming engine. The smoke, noise and darkness prevented them seeing an outgoing Northwestern train. Michael Toomey and James Fleming were killed; Frank Smith, John Salick, Daniel O'Day, and an unknown man badly injured.

XLVIII Congress.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, February 20. The house met in continuation of Thursday's session and immediately went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill. One hour was consumed in slowly and undeterminedly voting upon amendments to the paragraph making an appropriation for improvement of the Mississippi river. Finally in order to expedite matters friends of the bill acceded to Mississippi river. This withdrew the bone of contention from the committee and the clause will be restored in the house.

The clause relating to the Hennepin canal being recurred to, the chair delivered an elaborate decision on points of order that were raised against it. He sustained the point that the committee on rivers and harbors had not original jurisdiction over the subject and that it should properly have been considered by the committee on railways and canals, and upon this ground he ruled that the clause was not in order and must be stricken from the bill.

Henderson, of Iowa, appealed from the decision, pending which the committee rose and adjourned, and the session of Friday began.

Burns submitted a conference report on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. Agreed to.

Bingham from the committee on post offices and post roads reported a resolution calling on the postmaster general for information relative to supplying inferior envelopes to the post office department and annulling the contract with Kellogg & Co., of Springfield, Mass.

The house proceeded to consideration of business under the special rule and then went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill. The second section which relates to increase of the navy and contains what is known as the Randall plan, having been read, it was agreed that four hours debate should be allowed upon it.

Keifer made a detailed criticism of the section and ridiculed the constitution of the proposed board, characterizing it as a hermaphrodite association of naval men and civilians and predicting that the country would never get a ship from such a board.

Long said the plan proposed might be faulty in detail but he favored its general features Our navy was an alphabet of wooden washtubs. There was scarcely a nation so poor to do it reverence There was not on these wooden ships a piece of ordnance of more value in war than a child's pop-gun People laughed at the navy and relished the joke of the Tallapoosa being run down by a coal barge. They laughed at it as a kind of Falstaffian burlesque.

Pending further debate the committee rose and the house took recess till 7 this evening.

The house at its evening session passed fifty pension bills and adjourned until such a time to morrow as it may be called to order by the speaker. This is the last evening of the present congress, which will be devoted to consideration of pension business reported by the committee on invalid pensions. During this congress, this committee, of which Representative Matson of Indiana is chairman, has reported to the house adversely and favorably 1,223 cases, which is about equal to the number of bills reported by any three preceding congresses. Reports during the 47th congress numbered about 400. Of the 1,223 reported in this congress 668, all which were favorably reported, were passed by the house.

SENATE.

Gorman offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the secretary of the interior for information whether subsidized Pacific railways have constructed and are maintaining and operating their own lines of telegraph, and whether telegraphic messages are accepted and transmitted for all persons and corporations without discrimination, provided by act of July 1, 1863.

The agricultural appropriation bill was taken up.

The bill after some time passed substantially as it came from the senate committee, the principal change being an item for the cultivation of sorghum which on motion of Plumb was increased from $20,000 to $50,000.

On motion of Plumb the postoffice appropriation bill was taken up.

A section of the bill as it came from the house provided that letters shall be charged at the rate of two cents an ounce, instead of two cents a half ounce, drop letters (where there is no free delivery) one cent an ounce, and newspapers in bulk to regular subscribers one cent a pound, but sample copies at one cent per four ounces.

As to this provision Beck said the appropriations committee had concluded to strike it out as being general legislation.

Beck said it was good legislation though in a wrong place, and members of the committee or most of them held themselves at liberty to vote as individuals on the matter against their recommendation as committeemen.

Miller of New York opposed the "sample copy" provision. He thought it better that a uniform rate should be established.

Hill defended the post office committee.

Miller, of New York, said the new senate rule prohibited the senate itself putting legislative provisions on appropriation bills, but he did not believe it required the senate to strike out such a provision found in a house bill.

After considerable further discussion as to the operation of senate rules the senate disagreed to the committee amendment by a vote of 18 yeas to 33 nays so far as that amendment related to letter postage, leaving the newspaper provision yet to be acted on.

The senate went into executive session and when the doors reopened adjourned till to-morrow at one o'clock p. m.

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WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum.....$2.00 | Six Months.....$1.00
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All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STRICKLER,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

There seem some slight indications of the election of a senator by the Illinois legislature. The probability however is that neither of the two present caucus candidates will be successful.

There is one democrat who doesn't want an office. Mayor Carter H. Harrison, of Chicago, late democratic candidate for governor of Illinois, is reported as saying that he would not accept any position that Grover Cleveland can give him.

A New York paper wants the managers of the polo ground to station police at the exits of their grand stand so that in case of panic or riot a few of the spectators could get out alive. "Loss of life and limb at base ball games" coolly adds the metropolitan editor "should be strictly confined to the players."

A Philadelphia paper, after saying that Hon. William L. Scott will take some reasonable pride in sitting as a representative in the house where he was once a page, rather spoils the compliment by the additional remark that it is probable that Mr. Scott was better qualified then for the duties of legislation than he is now.

ENGLAND'S WAR.

Our dispatches this morning regarding the English cause in the Soudan tell a rather gloomy story. To the already long list of the killed must now be added the name of General Herbert Stewart, who has just died of the wound received in the victory over the Arabs at Abu Klea.

But this is not all of the bad news. There is too much reason to fear that the sacrifice in the Soudan which has included Gordon, Earle and Stewart is not yet sufficient but is now to be followed by the destruction of General Buller and the brave men under his command. The forces of the Mahdi have compelled him to retreat from the advanced position above Metemneh and to intrench himself further down the Nile. From Khartoum and from the country west of the Nile whose tribes have been called to arms by the Mahdi forces are rapidly gathering to the attack on Buller. The bravery which the English have thus far shown and will continue to show, may yet save the heroic little army until reinforcements can be sent forward from Korti. But there is a fear in the public mind that a great disaster is impending, a disaster, which terrible in itself, might be far reaching in its results. In any event the present task of the English government is to rescue Buller and his command.

The forces that are going to the front and the preparations that are making in England indicate that the government is impressed with the magnitude of the work before it in the Soudan. With the delay that is admitted as likely to occur before the conquest begins in earnest, England has in all probability a serious undertaking. But there can be little doubt of her ultimate success, and she will have in the contest the sympathy of the American people. However she may have got into the Soudan, she is there and she must conquer.

An indication of the popularity of General Gordon is furnished in the criticisms made on Gladstone for not appearing more sympathetic in view of Gordon's fate. There are no doubt reasons why Gladstone should not be particularly enthusiastic in eulogy, and yet it seems rather strange that a man who represents as closely as Gladstone does popular sentiment should not join in praising the bravery and manliness of the popular hero. But Gladstone, grand old man that he is, has always drifted. Perhaps he will yet catch up with the popular movement.

PERSONAL.

Mark Twain smokes twenty cigars a day.

A New York physician has invented a machine for reducing the size of a man's nose.

Henry ward Beecher has been elected president of the Revenue Reform club of Brooklyn.

President Diaz, of Mexico, will attend the laying of the corner-stone for the new Texas capitol building.

Mr. A. Bronson Alcott has given a fine stained glass window to the new Trinity chapel, Concord.

The Marquis of Salisbury is 55 years old.

The principal of the public schools at Hailey, Idaho, is about to lose his place because he insists on pronouncing "Indian" "Injun" and plays billiards.

General Henry N. Strong, now living in Milwaukee, claims to have been a classmate of President Arthur, and says that the president once taught school at Janesville, Wis.

Mr. Edwin Booth has been elected to membership in three of Boston's leading clubs, but he seldoms visits any of them, preferring to spend his time off the stage at home with his daughter, of whom he is very fond.

Mrs. Frederick Neilson, a wealthy New York lady, and sister to Freddie Gebhardt, has been converted to Roman Catholicism by the preaching of Mgr. Capel. She is young, beautiful, accomplished and has been a great society favorite.

Mr. W. S. Gilbert, the author of unperishing "Pinafore," personally prepared the plans and superintended the construction of his fine new house in Harrington gardens, and he is exceedingly well satisfied with it. Its interior walls are faced with white glazed bricks, and throughout the house is lighted by electricity supplied by a dynamo and steam engine in the cellar. In the dining room the electric lamps are of cut glass made in exact imitation of pineapples. The drawing room fire place is of carved alabaster.

"There's Mr. Jones, of Texas," said the house of representatives elevator boy to a Washington Star reporter, "he will never get on. If there are more than one or two in the car. He is a great big fellow, you know, and I suppose he's afraid such a weight might break it down. But there's Perry Belmont; he doesn't weigh more than a hundred and fifteen or twenty, and he won't ride in the elevator at all. He always takes the stairs. The heaviest load I have is when I get Dorsheimer, Tom Reed, Frank Hiscock and Keifer all on at the same time. Each weighs over two hundred pounds and Dorsheimer weighs over three hundred."

The Proposed Vote.

To the Editor of the GAZETTE.

The malicious onlooker who writes for the Republic would like to have it appear that I was chosen by the friends of whisky. Individually I care nothing about the insinuation, but it was evidently made to prejudice the voters against a measure proposed by me, and it is on this account and this only that I take any notice of it. I will state for the benefit of all such cross-eyed onlookers, that I was fairly nominated by a regular prohibition caucus, without packing or manipulation or the least desire on my part or knowledge or intimation that such would be the case. My first knowledge of the matter was obtained from your issue of the following morning.

I proposed the measure referred to not that I expected to champion it or personally care anything about it, but simply as a fair means of getting at the wishes of our citizens. Now to offset any prejudice that might be created against it by such insinuations as the one referred to, I wish to say that the man who says I am inimical to prohibition and friendly to the cause of whisky simply lies, and for the proof I refer him to the ordinances drawn and introduced in this council by me in the early part of its career.

W. M. STRICKLER.

Mr. Lowell's Birmingham Address.

George William Curtis, in Harper's Magazine for March.

Last year, when he delivered the address at the unveiling of Fielding's bust at Taunton, it was remarked by the English papers that no Englishman could have discharged the duty so satisfactorily. Mr. Lowell's discourse at Taunton was properly a critical estimate of Fielding's genius. But at Birmingham he spoke of the genius of democracy in a strain which has not been surpassed by any one who ever treated the theme. Such a discourse was an event, and an event without precedent. A foreign minister stating, in the country to which he is accredited, the most radical political views, and asserting that they are the ultimate logical result of the political constitution of the country in which he speaks, and which repudiates such a conclusion, yet to do this with a temper, an urbanity, a moderation, a precision, and courteous grace which charm doubt into acquiescence, and wonder into a tribute of unfeigned admiration and acknowledgement of a great service to political thought greatly done—this is surely an unprecedented event in the annals of diplomacy, and this is what Mr. Lowell did at Birmingham.

It is impossible to read his masterly, uncompromising, wise and witty, and thoroughly accurate declaration of the essential principle and reason of popular government, and his resistless defense of it as a practically efficient system, without smiling to think that this is the man who has been sometimes suspected of being a little denationalized and unAmericanized. No American minister in any country at any time has ever made so clear and comprehensive and philosophic a statement of the American principle. He is like a knight cheerily riding around the lists, armed cap-a-pie, and maintaining the honor of his queen of liberty against all comers. He does not say a word that could have jarred the tory nerves of Sir Roger de Coverley, yet no English radical was ever so radical as this. There is no discussion of measures or of politics in the address, nothing to which the most sensitive propriety or taste could demur, yet it has never entered into the mind of the most savage censor of Mr. Lowell to conceive so free and equal and lofty and humane an America as he depicts.

Burke, in his magnificent rhetoric, has described constitutional England. But it is England seen by imaginative enthusiasm. Lowell's tone is free from every art of the orator except that of severe accuracy and the raciness of the simple and fitting phrase. It is plain and strong truth-telling. It is not the unattainable goddess whom the glowing aspiration of the anchorite perceives; it is the creature not too bright and good for human nature's daily food, who smiles upon the lover. In these days of Lent for such they are, not in the ecclesiastical system alone, but in the serious industrial depression everywhere—is he not in good faith an American minister who sets forth that democracy is simply the practical application of Christianity to life, and who shows us how it is so?

A wise observer once said of an English ambassador, "He is a charming man, but he does not represent the England that I know." The good man was only an agent of the foreign office. But the foreign friend of America who knows her most truly would say, upon reading the Birmingham address, "This man represents the best America, and none of her children have read her secret more shrewdly."

Capt. Sutter's Farm in 1848.

Charles Howard Shinn, in "Mining Camps—A Study of American Frontier Government."

Captain J. A. Sutter, at that important era in early 1848, swung his Malacca cane, pulled his trim military mustache, gave crisp orders to his Indian alcade, his commander of the troops, his general superintendent, his manager of cattle, and his head farmer; paid his two hundred laborers with pieces of tin stamped with numbers, representing days' work, and redeemable at his storehouses; kept open house for every traveller, explorer, or government official; he was, in a word, the most vital, sinewy, and picturesque figure in all Alta California, besides whose manliness the plotting, irascible, treacherous, dishonest governors who disgraced the closing years of Mexican rule sink into utter insignificance. His title appeared unimpeachable, his possessions secure under the American flag, his colony enterprise well managed and certain of success. But the discovery of a flake of gold, lying concealed in the red hillside soil twenty miles away, set forces in operation that blighted and destroyed all his plans. January 19th, while unconscious Sutter governed his little kingdom, the workmen at Coloma, having finished their ditch, lifted the water-gate, and the clear mountain torrent leaped, gurgling and foaming, along its new-cut channel, uncovering a piece of virgin gold first recorded nugget of American California. This precious lump, smaller than the first joint of a child's forefinger, gleamed in Marshall's mill race, attracted human eyes, was tested in a locked room by roused and excited men, and caused a rush that ended Sutter's multifarious operations, bidding the hides rot in his tanneries, his wheat fall to the earth ungathered, his herds wander untended, and perish at the hands of outlaws. The fame of this discovery drew to the spot, with magic power, the population of the whole territory; so that, a few months later, but five men were left in San Francisco; ships swung sailorless at anchor, and soldiers deserted their colors. All Alta California was concentrating in the miner. Thus the memorable gold-rush began. Soon the news went abroad to all the world. Piles of California nuggets lay in the windows of banking houses gazed at by thousands. The fact that in the new placers unskilled, uneducated and penniless men were able to gather from fifty to five hundred dollars in gold-dust, each day they worked, was calculated to produce a profound impression. Mockers were silenced, doubters were swept into the current. Before the close of the year fifty thousand of the healthiest and most energetic young men of the nation were on their way to California. Meanwhile the thousand men who were fairly at work in the mines in 1848 dug out over five million dollars in gold-dust.

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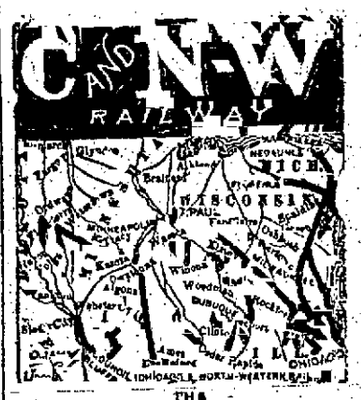

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This magazine, with its careful editing, its refined spirit, and its delightful freshness, grows constantly more attractive.—New York Tribune.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1885.

Real Estate Transfers

F. G. Rowe reports the following transfers for the week ending February 20th, '85:

CITY PROPERTY.

Julia S Peck to H Le B Wills, n hf of lt 14, blk 52, nominal	
Colorado Springs company to Marilla Ingraham, lt 3, blk 262, add 1	$ 135
I J Kelly to W A Lawton, w 75 ft of lt 24, blk 73	1700
Charles Walker to Reuben Berry, lt 14, blk 82	2700

COLORADO CITY PROPERTY.

Mrs Charlotte Hill to Mrs. N. J. Swift, lt 8, blk 145	5
Chas Walker to Nancy J Swift, lt 9, blk 145	10

COUNTRY PROPERTY.

Mary W. Moore to John Hay, sw qr of sec 18, tp 14, s r 66 w, excepting right of way of Pike's Peak railroad	1,100
L C Dana to Harriet M Ambler, nw qr of sw qr of sec 11, s hf of ne qr and ne qr of se qr of sec 10, tp 13 r 77 w	505
Ed Nicholson to C R Husted, s hf of se qr and s hf of sw qr of sec 13, tp 11 s r 66 w	400

PATENTS.

United States to Jno. Endter, 160 acres.
United States to A. E. Ames, 168 97-100 acres.
United States to Benj. Laughlin, 160 acres.
United States to F. L. Scott, 160 acres.
United States to Sam Keeten, 160 acres.
United States to D. G. Lovell, 147.13 acres.
United States to Paul Dingels, 160 acres.
United States to D. H Green, 160 acres.
United States to Norman Garstin 149 21-100
United States to Wm. Holmes, 160 acres.

Colorado Newspaper Men Meet.

DENVER, February 20. At a meeting of the Colorado News and Press association held here to-day the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: K. G. Cooper, Denver Tribune Republican, president; F. A. Woodbury, Denver Evening Times, secretary; John Arkins, Denver Rocky Mountain News, treasurer. Directors: K. G. Cooper, Denver Tribune-Republican; John Arkins, Denver Rocky Mountain News; J. J. Lambert, Pueblo Chieftain; B. W. Steele, Colorado Springs Gazette; F. A. Woodbury, Denver Evening Times; C. C. Davis, Leadville Democrat and Chronicle.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, February 20. Money easy 1 to 2, closing 1½; prime paper 4 to 6; sterling exchange quiet 4 83½, demand 4.86½; governments dull, firm, unchanged; state securities strong on limited business. At the stock exchange dealers report good outside demand and renewed activity in to day's stock market accompanied by very decided changes in the course of prices. The market was steady at the opening and early dealings gave indications of a disposition to hesitate, during which prices fell off slightly. This was quickly followed however by the infusion of new life and strength. Before the end of the first hour Lackawanna sold above par, a point it had not reached since December 19, 1884; and nearly everything else on the list was from ¼ to ¾ per cent above opening quotations. It was at this time the highest prices of the day with few exceptions were made. Although the market continued fairly active it was fractionally lower by midday and for most stocks continued about steady until nearly 2 o'clock when active selling movement set in which continued until the close of the board, and which carried prices down to the lowest figures of the day and generally from ¼ to 1¼ per cent lower than they closed last evening. Transactions 338,000.

3s	101	4s	123¼
Adams Express	132	American Express	90½
C B & Q	125	Erie	12⅝
D. & R G	7¾	Preferred	25
Central Pacific	32¾	N. Y. C.	93⅝
Missouri Pacific	93⅛	Union Pacific	47⅜
Northwestern	92⅞	Wells Fargo	107
Preferred	130⅛	Ontario	17
Texas Pacific	12½	Iron Silver	
U. S. Express	50	Quicksilver	4
W. U Telegraph	58⅝	Preferred	28
Northern Pacific	17⅝	Homestake	9½
Preferred	41⅞	Sutro	

The Fire Record

PITTSBURG, February 20. St. Michael's Orphan asylum and St. Joseph's convent, on Mount Olivet, south side of the city, were partially destroyed by fire shortly before 12 o'clock to-day. When the fire was discovered 35 nuns and 30 little children were in the building. Through the efforts of a few calm sisters, however, a calamity was averted and all left the burning building safely. Loss $8,000.

NEW YORK, February 20. The Marvin Safe company's factory, a huge eight story building embracing Nos. 324 and 333 West Thirty-seventh street, burned during the night. The tottering walls of the building threatened the surrounding tenements, which were cleared by the police. Hundreds of half-clad children, women and men shivered from the sharp frost at 3 o'clock on being driven from their homes, or found shelter with neighboring tenants. The loss of the Marvin Safe company is $220,000, of which $100,000 is on stock, $150,000 on machinery, $80,000 on building. Insurance $125,000 in thirty companies. Two hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment.

CHICAGO, February 20. Loss to the tenants of the Grannis block will not exceed $50,000.

GALVESTON, February 20.—A News Fort Worth special says: The loss by the burning of Joseph H. Brown's wholesale grocery house last night is $200,000. Insurance on stock $167,000, on building $30,000.

Gladstone's Health

LONDON, February 20. Leading liberals have expressed the opinion that Gladstone will cease to be premier within three weeks. His doctor has warned him that he must choose between the sacrifice of life and the sacrifice of office.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The remains of Mrs. Jas. Russell Lowell will be buried in London.

Jas. F. Redick was confirmed postmaster at Telluride, Colorado, yesterday.

Indications for Colorado—Slightly warmer, partly cloudy weather, light snows.

Mrs. Raymond, wife of John B. Raymond, delegate in congress from Dakota, died at Washington yesterday.

The Yale alumni association of New York banquetted Senator-elect Evarts last night. Chauncey M. DePew and Edward Pierrepont made addresses.

The National Bank of Illinois and the Continental, burned out in the Grannis block fire in Chicago, opened their vaults yesterday. The contents were entirely uninjured.

In the Colorado supreme court yesterday two petitions were filed asking, for reasons given, that the name of J. L. Crotty be stricken from the roll of attorneys of Colorado. One of the petitions was filed by Attorney General Thomas.

The California senate yesterday adopted a resolution requesting the U. S. senators and congressmen of California to oppose any measure to suspend coinage or demonetize silver.

WANTED.

WANTED—Situation to do general house work or cooking. Address "M," this office. b 21-2t

WANTED—A lady artist from Boston would like room and board or room in exchange for lessons in oil painting. Work can be seen by applying to E. A. D, this office. b-15-6t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Thorough-bred Durham new milch cow, four horses, phaeton and light wagon nearly new. C. E. Aiken f-20-3t

FOR SALE. Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

THE INTER OCEAN

In 1885 THE INTER OCEAN enters upon the fourteenth year of its existence. Given unusual confidence by the people in its early days it has steadily grown in favor until this day, when the publishers take pride in the fact that the paper goes into more homes and has a greater number of readers than any publication west of the Alleghenies

From the beginning THE INTER OCEAN has stood firmly by the principles of the Republican party, and has, in season and out of season, contended for "protection to American industry" It does not agree with the idea that the mission of the Republican party is finished; on the contrary it believes that, purified by adversity, it will in the near future again rise to the higher planes of thought and action and be completely restored to the confidence of the American people The most important agencies in accomplishing this result will be Republican journals. If a reliable, stanch Republican newspaper was important when the Republican party was in power, it is doubly so now that the Democracy control the National Government.

THE INTER OCEAN will in the future as in the past be the medium through which the best Republican thought will be given to the people. It will voice the convictions of advanced Republicans without being unfair even to Bourbon Democrats. It will be aggressively Republican without being bitterly partisan, and will give as much attention to the affairs of Cleveland's administration as it would have given to the administration of Mr. Blaine had he been elected. With an Associated Press franchise, with special wires reaching to New York and Washington, with special correspondence in all important points of the country, THE INTER OCEAN will use its facilities for collecting news without fear or favor, and so far as governmental affairs or party movements are concerned will give a fuller record than any other paper

All of the old departments will be continued. The scope of the WOMAN'S KINGDOM will be widened so as to take in all the industrial and reform movements in which women are interested and engaged. OUR CURIOSITY SHOP, now a standard, will be given greater variety and interest. In the FARM AND HOME and other departments the widest possible range of topics will be discussed

Of original short stories and serials, the very best by American and English authors will be given during the year. Arrangements have been made to publish during the year short stories by BOYESEN, HOWELLS, LATHROP, and others, and a new serial by the author of "One Summer," and to publish all these in addition to the serials by MISS BRADDON and other English authors.

In every department of news and literature THE INTER OCEAN will make a better record than it ever has done.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS, POSTPAID.

DAILY, including Sunday, per year	$12 00
DAILY, excluding Sunday, per year	10 00
WEDNESDAY'S EDITION, with Musical Supplement, per year	2 00
SATURDAY'S EDITION, sixteen pages, per year	2 00
SUNDAY'S EDITION, sixteen pages, per year	2 00
SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION, published Monday and Thursday, per year	2 50
WEEKLY EDITION, per year	1 00

For the accommodation of the patrons of the paper, the publisher of THE INTER OCEAN has made some valuable combinations with the weekly edition, viz:

Weekly Inter Ocean and National Standard Encyclopedia	$1 60
Weekly Inter Ocean and National Standard Dictionary	1 50
Weekly Inter Ocean and Lives of our Presidents	1 80
Weekly Inter Ocean and Popular History of Civil War	1 60
Weekly Inter Ocean and Ladies' Manual	1 35
Weekly Inter Ocean and Mythological Dictionary	1 35
Weekly Inter Ocean and Dictionary of Synonyms	1 35
Weekly Inter Ocean and Usages of Best Society	1 35
Weekly Inter Ocean and What Everyone Should Know	1 56
Weekly Inter Ocean and Dr. Danelson's Medical Advisor	1 80
Weekly Inter Ocean and Inter Ocean Watch	3 50
Weekly Inter Ocean and Little Detective Scale	3 00
Weekly Inter Ocean and Family or Union Scale	4 25
Weekly Inter Ocean and Our Curiosity Shop	1 20
Weekly Inter Ocean and Good Cheer	1 25
Weekly Inter Ocean and The Inter Ocean Sewing Machine	18 00

Sample copies of the paper sent on application.

Remittances may be made at our risk, either by draft, express, postoffice order, or registered letter. Money sent in any other way is at the risk of the person sending it. Address
THE INTER OCEAN,
85 Madison street, Chicago.

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year; 224 pages, 8½x11½ inches, with over 3,300 illustrations, a whole picture gallery. Gives whole-sale prices direct to consumers on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, drink, eat, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy Free to any address upon receipt of the postage 8 cents. Let us hear from you. Respectfully,
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wm 6-1y

Stockholders' Meeting.

There will be a special meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Live Stock company, held at the company's office, in Colorado Springs, on February 18th, 1885, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of said company.
F. L. MARTIN, President.
wa-17-5
Colorado Springs, Jan. 10, '85

SPECIAL SALE.

Beginning Monday, Feb. 9th.

SPECIAL SALE OF REMNANTS OF

Black & Colored Silks, Brocados,

{SILKS AND VELVETS}

—WE WILL ALSO

Close Out a Few Lines of Hosiery

AT A

GREAT REDUCTION.

Prints, Muslins, Ladies' and Gents' Underwear Sold at UNKNOWN LOW PRICES. New Styles in French and Scotch Ginghams. We are now receiving Spring Styles in Carpets.

GIDDINGS BROS.

m 19 tf

BARGAINS DECLARED!

AT THE OLD

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

Established in 1879.

It has always been the custom for us to use the month of February as a remnant month for reducing stock prior to taking an inventory and preparatory to laying

In - a - New - Spring - Stock

As usual, therefore, we will offer during the month and commencing on Monday, the 2nd instant, our Great Annual Sale of

Remnants and Odds and Ends.

1,000 of Them! 1,000 of Them!

IN ALL SORTS OF THINGS AT

Reductions Ranging from 25 to 50 Per Cent Below Regular Prices

SPECIAL NOTICE!

JUST OPENED

NEW STYLES SPRING JERSEYS.

All Styles; Tailor Finished; French and Braided in Plain and Gold and Silver FROM $1.25 TO $6.00 EACH. Marked LOW. Come and see the new Jerseys at the

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

No. 104 Pike's Peak Avenue. Next to Robinson's Drug Store.

Very Respectfully, EDWARD FERRIS,
"Verite. . nd Simon." d 8 tf

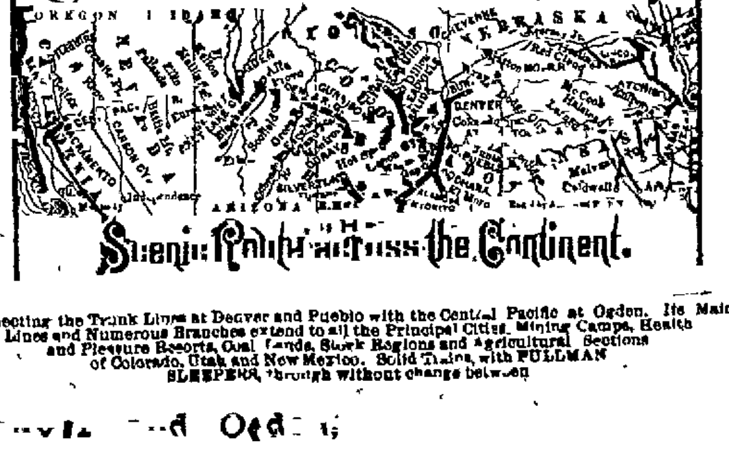
FURS

Those who have ill-fitting or damaged Fur Garments can have them Skillfully altered or repaired at my store at reasonable prices. My Furrier Comes from prominent Fur Manufactories of New York City and London and understands his business thoroughly.

e-2-tf

C. E. AIKEN,

AIKEN'S MUSEUM, 105 Pike's Peak Avenue.



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Denver and Ogden,

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DENVER, COLO.

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

DAILY GAZETTE

INFORMATION FOR STRANGERS

Concerning the Two Great Resorts of the Rocky Mountains.

COLORADO SPRINGS

Located on the line of the Denver & Rio Grande railway, seventy-five miles south of Denver, is the city of Colorado Springs with a population of 6,000 people and universally conceded to be the handsomest and most modern city in the west. The town was established in 1871 by a company of Philadelphia gentlemen who from the very onset conceived the idea of making it the model city of all the Rocky mountain region. From the time of its founding up to the present it has had remarkable growth and to-day fully represents in every respect what its projectors anticipated of it. The location of the city is an admirable one situated as it is, directly at the base of Pike's Peak and at an altitude of 6,000 feet above the level of the sea. To borrow the expression of a well known writer, "neither nature nor art could design or lay out a more finished or beautiful spot." To the right and left of the peak which rears its snow-capped summit to an altitude of 14,000 feet extends a long range of mountains "diversified with variety of form and outline, with rocky crags and tumbled boulders, with constant play of light and shadow, with contrast of rich and sombre colors with streaks of snow and dark groves of pine," the whole forming a panorama of exceeding beauty of which the eye never tires. On the north extends a ridge of hills called the divide and to the south and east as far as the eye can see stretch the great plains so common to Colorado, which afford grazing to thousands of sheep and cattle. The city covers an area three miles in length by two miles in width and is laid out in blocks 400 feet square. The streets and avenues are from 100 to 140 feet in width and lined upon either side by rows of flourishing cottonwood trees which were planted when the city was founded. These trees are watered by a system of irrigation ditches which also by means of feeders keep the lawns green and make the gardens productive. The central portion of the city is built up with substantial business blocks many of which have been erected within the past two or three years. There are many fine stone residences in the city costing from $10,000 to $40,000, but the most of the houses are of wood and of all styles and varieties of modern architecture. They are all set well back from the street and surrounded by handsome and well cared for lawns. As a place of residence Colorado Springs offers many superior advantages.

Climate One of the most important features that Colorado Springs has to offer especially to invalids is its dry weather and clear atmosphere. For weeks and months at a time there will be clear sunlight and not a cloud in the sky. During the summer months there are light showers frequently day after day, but as a rule no heavy or prolonged storms. There is no really disagreeable weather only during the months of March and April, when wind and snow storms are frequently experienced. Little if any snow falls during the winter months, and although the thermometer occasionally falls below zero, the sun during the greater part of the day is warm and the weather mild. In the summer, while it is sometimes hot but not oppressive in the day time, the nights are always cool and comfortable. Bounded as it is on the west by the mountains and on the north by the Divide, the city is protected from the severe wind storms which are so prevalent in other cities of the state. On account of its climate Colorado Springs ranks high as a resort for those affected with pulmonary troubles, and thousands who have been sent here by the leading physicians of the east have been temporarily relieved or permanently cured. It has been fully demonstrated that the city is in every respect as good a winter as it is a summer resort. Many people after having tried the climate of the southern states and California have found permanent relief in Colorado Springs, owing more especially to its mild and bracing air.

Educational Advantages Colorado Springs possesses educational advantages equal if not superior to those offered by many of the larger cities of the east. There are in the city four public school buildings which have cost between $50,000 and $60,000. One, a handsome brick building, has just been completed. These schools are well graded and in charge of competent teachers, mostly graduates of eastern normal schools. Those who prefer it can send their children to private schools, of which there are several very good ones. Here also is located Colorado college, one of the most complete educational institutions in Colorado if not in the west. When the town was laid out a tract of land was reserved as a site for a college. This property was granted to Colorado college at the time it was founded in 1874. Since that time a handsome stone college building has been erected and there are now in attendance over 100 students. The course of study is very similar to that of eastern colleges including, besides its four years course for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, complete preparatory and metallurgical departments, the latter including especially assaying, chemical analysis, blowpiping and determinative mineralogy. The board of instruction is excellent, and includes the president and six professors, all graduates of New England colleges except the professor of metallurgy, who is a graduate of New York University and of the Columbia School Mines.

The state institution for the education of the deaf mute and blind is also located in Colorado Springs and ranks favorably with other institutions of the kind in the eastern states.

Water Supply No city in the United States has a more complete system of water works than has Colorado Springs. The supply is conveyed through pipes seven miles, from Ruxton's creek. Purer water could not be found, as the stream from which it comes is fed by springs and the melting snows of Pike's Peak. The supply for domestic use will be adequate to the demand for some time to come, and should occasion require it could be easily increased. This same system also affords ample protection against fire, there being sufficient pressure to force a stream on the highest buildings. Hydrants are freely distributed through the city, and five well organized and efficient fire companies respond promptly to every alarm that is given.

Temperance Features The city of Colorado Springs was founded on temperance principles, and these principles are maintained to the present day. There are no saloons or bars, and, under the ordinance, liquor can only be obtained through a prescription for medicinal purposes. A clause is incorporated in every deed to property in the city which prohibits the sale of liquor thereon. In case of violation the property reverts to the original owners, the Colorado Springs company. The supreme court of the United States having decided in favor of the provision, several persons violating the clause have lost valuable properties.

Scenery and Drives The scenery surrounding Colorado Springs embracing the mountains and the plain is grand and beautiful. Three miles from town is the wonderful and famous "Garden of the Gods," in which huge rocks, hundreds of feet high and of the most fantastic shapes and gorgeous colors form a scene which excites the wonder of all who behold it. Close to the garden is Glen Eyrie and Queen's cañon, equally wonderful and beautiful. Five miles to the southwest of town are north and south Cheyenne cañons, both magnificent gorges with stupendous walls of rocks and beautiful water falls, giving almost unrivaled grandeur. Twelve miles north is Monument park, studded with lofty groups of sand stone which look like obelisks of some by-gone race of giants. Two miles to the northeast is Templeton's gap, one of the most charming and often frequented resorts in the vicinity. Five miles to the westward and at the very base of the mountains is Manitou, with its iron and soda springs and endless variety of scenery. No town in the world has in closer proximity such remarkable and magnificent scenery. All the points of interest mentioned above are accessible by splendid drives equal in every respect to the macadamized streets of an eastern metropolis. There are in the city half a dozen first class livery stables from which conveyances of any style can be obtained at very moderate prices.

Churches—For a western city Colorado Springs has been appropriately named the "City of Churches." Here can be found churches of all denominations with the exception of the Unitarian, Dutch Reformed and Universalists. The Methodist, Baptist and Episcopalian especially have very fine edifices. All other denominations, including the Presbyterian, Catholic, M. E. South, Christian, African Methodist and Congregational have very commodious buildings and large congregations. Most of the pulpits are filled by ministers who have filled high and responsible charges at the east and have commanded handsome salaries. Members of denominations named will find congenial views and liberal thought in the social and religious life of Colorado Springs, and also in some of the pulpits.

The Antlers—In the spring of 1883 The Antlers, which in point of architectural design and modern appointments excels any other hostelry in the west, was opened to the public. The building is four stories in hight, built of stone, and cost about $160,000. It is located on an open slope at the west end of Pike's Peak avenue and commands an unobstructed view of the mountains to the westward and the plains to the eastward. All of the rooms are light, well ventilated, supplied with gas and water and handsomely furnished. Since the opening in May, 1883, the hotel has had remarkable success and at the present time is occupied by over one hundred permanent guests and is continually increasing in popularity. There are also two other good hotels, the Spaulding house and Crawford, at which good accommodations can be had at from one to two dollars per day. In both of these houses can be found well furnished and commodious rooms, and substantial bills of fare.

Amusements In the way of amusements Colorado Springs does not suffer. It has an opera house modeled very much after the Madison Square theater in New York and which was erected by some of our enterprising citizens at a cost of $80,000. The house has a seating capacity of about 800, is provided with complete sets of scenery, opera chairs and all other necessary conveniences. All of the leading attractions that visit Colorado appear at Colorado Springs.

Society The social advantages of Colorado Springs are excellent and in many respects excel those of any other city of the same size on the American continent. The society is of the very best people of culture and refinement, and many possessed of much wealth have been attracted here by climate and surroundings. The residents of the city are principally from the older states of the union and from Canada, England and Scotland. There is much social life in Colorado Springs, for outside the amusements offered at the opera house, the people have to make their own society. This necessarily brings out the best social and mental qualities, and has given rise to social, literary and musical clubs and societies, and libraries and reading rooms.

General Advantages In many respects Colorado Springs is quite metropolitan. It has communication with the outside world by two lines of railway—the Denver & Rio Grande and the Denver & New Orleans. Twelve trains pass north and south daily, and mails from the east, west, north and south are very frequent. There is a Central Western Union telegraph office and a telephone exchange which affords communication not only with all the leading places of business in Colorado Springs and Manitou, but also with the larger cities of the state. The merchants of the city carry large and carefully selected stocks and goods in all lines can be purchased as cheap here as in the east.

MANITOU.

Five miles west of Colorado Springs and at the very base of the mountains is located Manitou, which during the past few years has become the most famous resort in the United States. It is a small and quiet town of about five hundred inhabitants, but with its four first-class hotels and many cottages it affords during the summer months accommodations for thousands of guests from the east and south. All of the hotels are commodious, well furnished and in every respect compare well with the sea shore and mountain hotels of the east. Through the town flows the Fountain, a stream of clear and bubbling water which has its source in the mountains.

Manitou is connected with Colorado Springs by a splendid drive lined with trees which in the east might be termed a boulevard. Here is a resort of almost unequaled attractions known the world over. Thousands of guests resort here yearly from all states of the union and foreign countries, and many have located here permanently. Everything is being done to strengthen the attractive character of the spot on which nature has bestowed so many advantages. Manitou is not only a great sanitarium but also a home of refined society. During the past two years it has made remarkable progress in the way of improvements, and as a resort has not an equal in the west. "The surroundings of Manitou are particularly charming, and without its mineral springs it would be a favorite resort. Mountains, high and low, shut it closely in. Joined hand in hand like a company of eager children, they press and crowd around the lovely spot, those outside peering over the heads and shoulders of their companions. Calmly the grand old Peak looks over them all, down into the loveliest places."

Bath House Last year a bath house was erected here at a cost of $20,000. It is fitted with every modern convenience that is conducive to health and comfort.

Rides and Drives In the immediate vicinity of Manitou are many points of interest including Ute Pass, Williams cañon, Cave of the Winds, Rainbow Falls, Crystal Park, Monument Park, Manitou Park and other points of interest too numerous to mention.

Climate Although closer to the mountains the climate of Manitou is the same as that of Colorado Springs. Invalids coming to Manitou must leave all homesickness behind and remember that they are not "out of the world," but that they will find comfort, competent physicians, good society and good living here as well as "at home." Those sick enough to need especial care should not come alone, but the moderately sick can soon find friends for themselves.

The Springs. Here are located the most famous curative springs of the country, principally soda and iron. "There are six or seven springs in all. Their Indian names and legends are all that remain to remind us of our red brothers whose offerings to the Manitou' of the 'medicine waters' filled the basins of the springs and hung from the neighboring trees and bushes when the 'pale face' invaded this their favorite camping ground. The springs differ much in their properties of iron, sulphur, and soda. Some of the waters are taken as a pleasant draught; others should be used only as a medicine, taken when needed and then discontinued; their temperature varies from 43 to 56° F.'

DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1885.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake and California, arrives 10.45 a. m., departs 10 48 a. m.

1. Pueblo Accommodation arrives 7 00 p. m., departs 7 03 p. m.

" 3. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 10.55 p m., departs 10 58 p m.

" 5. Kansas City, Pueblo and El Moro Express, arrives 2 05 p. m., departs 2.10 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 2. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 3 32 a. m., departs 3.37 a. m.

" 4. Kansas City, Pueblo and El Moro Express, arrives 12 02 p m., departs 12 07 p. m

" 4 *Denver accommodation arrives 9 10 a m., departs 9.15 a. m

" 6. Atlantic express, from California, Salt Lake and Gunnison, arrives 5.50 p. m., departs 6.00 p m.

* Daily except Sunday.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

WESTWARD		EASTWARD	
No. 31—Leaves	10.50 a. m	No. 32—Arrives	8.55 a. m
No. 33 "	2.15 p. m	No. 34 "	11 55 a. m
No. 35— "	7 05 p. m	No. 36 "	5.50 p m

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pull man palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. M ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

TRAVEL		ARRIVES.	
For Pueblo...	10 55 a. m	From Pueblo,	3 30 p. m.
" Denver..	3.30 p. m	From Denver,	11 50 a. m

Postoffice Bulletin

The postoffice is open daily from 7 30 a. m to 7.30 p. m Sundays from 12 to 1 p. m. Mails arrive and depart as follows:

GOING SOUTH	DEPART.	
Via D. & R. G	10.30 a. m	1.45 p. m 3.00 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.	11.30 a. m.	
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N O	11.45 a. m	3.10 p. m
Via D & R. G.		5.40 p. m. 6.00 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE NORTH.	ARRIVE.	
Via D & R. G.	7.10 a. m 11 00 a. m	2 20 p. m
Via D & N. O.	12 m	
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH.		
Via D. & R G.	7.00 a. m	12.10 p m. 6.10 p. m 3 40 p. m
Via D. & N. O.		

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Colorado City & Manitou ..	11.00 a. m	10.20 a. m
Manitou..	6.00 p m	5 10 p. m

Mail for Sunview and Hatton closes Sunday at 3.00 p m Arrives Tuesday at 6.00 p m

Mail for Buffalo and Genoa closes Monday at 3.00 p m and arrives Saturday at 6.00 p. m.

Telegraph Office Hours.

Week days. ..... 8 a. m to 8 p. m
Sundays ..... 8 to 10 a. m and 4 to 6 p m

M. TAGGART, Manager.

Bishop Spalding conducted Lenten services in Grace Episcopal church last night.

The 12th and 13th of March have been chosen as the dates for "The Culmes of Normandy."

Mrs. Dr. Clara A. Rowe has been called to Massachusetts by the dangerous illness of her mother.

Messrs. C. R. Husted and Thomas Brigham left for the east yesterday where they will remain for some time.

Minnie Palmer will open an engagement in Denver next Monday and the week following will play the Colorado circuit.

The Colorado Manufacturing company yesterday filed its annual statement as required by law with the county clerk.

Mr. Dwight Durkee, formerly a resident of this city, but for the past few years a resident of California, arrived in the city yesterday.

It is expected that a meeting of the city council will be held in a few days to consider the proposition of funding the city's debt.

The same coal vein on which the Franceville and El Paso mines are located is being prospected upon on the north slope of the Divide

There was a social dance in Masonic hall last night, which on account of Lent was not as largely attended as it would otherwise have been.

We understand that there is some talk of placing illuminated dials on the clock in the school house tower. This would be a step in the right direction.

Company A First Battalion cavalry have engaged the rink for the 25th. There will be an interesting programme which will be announced in another issue.

The output of the Franceville mines for the two weeks ending February 15th, was 2,649 tons. We understand that the company will shortly open up a new slope.

The annual parade of the Denver fire and police departments will take place to-day It will be witnessed by quite a number of the members of other departments in the state.

Colorado Springs will observe Monday as a legal holiday in consequence of Washington's birthday falling on Sunday. The banks will all close on that day and the postoffice will observe Sunday hours.

A gentleman writes us from Franceville that the peaceful citizens, and more especially the ladies, are greatly annoyed by the number of roughs that gather in the postoffice, which by the way is a saloon, grocery store and office combined.

According to the weather observations taken at Colorado college the highest temperature yesterday was 50 5-10 and the mean velocity of the wind 13 miles per hour. For the preceding day the mean temperature was 31 20 and the mean barometer 24 030 inches.

The chairman of the committee on a normal class requests the superintendents of the various Sunday schools interested to bring the matter before their teachers for discussion at an early date. In all probability the committee will be called together during the coming week to take final action in the matter Notice of said meeting will be given through the press

Rev. J. C. Hay and Frederick H. Meserve are in attendance at the annual convention of the Young Men's Christian association now in session at Denver The former was elected one of the vice-presidents and the latter is on the business committee.

Stanley Wood's opera "Brittle Silver" is being revised and will, we understand, shortly be produced in Denver under the direction of Prof. Demorest. The libretto will be changed from two to three acts and the music rearranged so as to introduce more sparkling airs. We are pleased to learn that this charming little opera will be reproduced and predict for it considerable of a run

Through a letter recently received from General B F Crowell, who is now in New York, we quote the following. "I met President Cleveland here yesterday and had about an hour's interview with him in regard to the Colorado Springs postoffice. The president was about to remark that he was strongly in favor of Mr , whose appointment I had advocated, when he recalled to mind his principles on civil service reform and gave me to understand that Mr. Price would probably be retained in office."

The women of the First Methodist meeting house invite the public to supper on Monday evening next at early candle light, in the room two doors south of the play house. The tables will be bountifully furnished with the following good things. Chicken pie, boiled ham, corned beef, pork and beans, corn bread, Boston bread, wheat bread, cucumber, beet pickles, ginger bread, doughnuts, raised cake, apple and mince pies, cheese, tea, coffee. It is expected that distinguished guests will be present Among the number: General Washington and lady, William Penn and Abigail Adams, Mrs. Dolly Madison, Mr. Andrew Jackson, Mrs. Polk, Miles Standish, John Alden and Priscilla, the Puritan maiden, Deliverance Skinner, Patience Pettibone, Deborah Peabody, Dusenbury (she that was a Bumpus), Jerusha Higgenbotham, Dorotha Stuyvesant and many others equally notorious. Admission 35 cents.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No 1 Pike's Peak Avenue j 13 tf

THE TARIFF REDULED

By the Fairley Bros on their entire stock of furniture, queensware, lamp goods, parlor furniture, Mattresses, springs and bedding, and SPECIAL LOW PRICES will be made in chamber suits and parlor furniture till March, in order to clear out for spring stock. Remember that we have the facilities for all kinds of cabinet work and repairing wood furniture. Also making parlor furniture to order, and working over all kinds of upholstered goods We guarantee the best work in these departments

FAIRLEY BROS., UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING, fourth door east of City Drug Store.

Smoke Harvey & Parker's "Burro" cigars. m-27-3m

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP —The undersigned would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally, that he has associated with himself in the practice of dentistry Dr John Grannis a dentist of long experience and superior ability

With increased facilities, close application to business, and determination to please, every effort will be made to render the most careful and efficient work, and thereby to merit the continued patronage that this community has so kindly bestowed in the past.

b 15-6 CHAS. E EDWARDS.

BOOTS AND SHOES, CHEAP.

Now is your chance to buy boots and shoes at prices that have never before been offered in Colorado Springs, and a good large stock of both gentlemen's and ladies' goods to select from R H Buckingham & Co, Union block, having assigned their stock to me for the benefit of their creditors it will have to be disposed of by me as soon as possible. IANTHUS BENNLEY, Assignee.
m 24-tf

Smoke Harvey & Parker's "Burro" cigars. m-27-3m

THE WORLD'S FAIR

At New Orleans, which was opened December 16th, and will continue until May 31st, 1885, together with the great carnival of Mardi Gras, to be celebrated February 17th, 1885, will attract many visitors to the Crescent city, and to all intending to visit the Sunny South the Burlington Route offers advantages that are unequalled by any other line. Through trains leave Denver Union Depot at 7 30 a m. and 9.45 p. m with Pullman sleeping and Buffet cars attached making direct connections in Union Depots at Kansas City and St. Louis with through trains via all routes for New Orleans. All D & R. G. R. R. trains connect with trains of the Burlington Route in Denver. Save time and be sure of making connections by purchasing your tickets via this favorite route. For tickets at greatly reduced rates or further information apply to J. M Ellison, ticket agent D. & R. G. R. R., Colorado Springs, or George H. Crosby, general agent Burlington Route, Denver

Durkee's Salad Dressing and Cold Meat Sauce. The universal favorite both in the U. S. and Great Britain. Wholesome, delicious, economical and nutritious. Saves anxiety, waste and trouble

Smoke Harvey & Parker's "Burro" cigars m-27-3m

HO FOR MARDI GRAS!

The annual celebration of Mardi Gras at New Orleans will rival in magnificence any former efforts It will be an experience long remembered by the thousands who will witness the gorgeous spectacle. The celebration lasts from February 17th to March 5th On account of this and approaching warm weather, those who visit New Orleans had better do so soon. The Kansas division of the Union Pacific offers a route from Denver to which, by reason of its being the Short Line to Kansas City and its quick time, there is practically no opposition. As all going to the World's Fair at New Orleans wish to stop over in Denver, the Kansas Pacific will be the favorite route. It is not the only line, but it has hosts of friends who will travel by no other. For tickets and rates inquire of any D. & R. G. or Union Pacific agent.

Smoke Harvey & Parker's "Burro" cigars. m-27-3m

Y | O | U

Are Cordially Invited to Visit Our Free

ART EXHIBITION

NOW OPEN

Oil Paintings, Water Colors, Engravings, Photographs, and Etchings,

—BY—

FOREIGN AND LOCAL ARTISTS,

Thayer & Howbert

a 9-tf

NOTICE!

"With malice toward none and charity for all" I will, until the first day of May next, at

STOCKBRIDGE'S DRUG STORE,

On Huerfano street, dispense

FREE OF CHARGE,

All PRESCRIPTIONS from regular physicians in this county.

J. H. MASSEY, Pharmacist.

C. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager. b 17-1m

Man of all Work,

Parties wanting work of any kind done address J. H. HOLMES, Box 696.
All orders shall receive prompt attention. b-19-1m

GILES GRISSEY. G. W. THOMAS

GRISSEY & THOMAS,

DEALERS IN

CHICAGO AND COLORADO

LUMBER,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Building Paper Paints Oils Glass &c

Office and yard on corner Tejon and Bijou streets Colorado Springs. w-12-tf

SODA WATER,

Mineral Water, Sparkling Wines and all

CARBONATED BEVERAGES

Apparatus, materials and accessories for manufacturing, dispensing and bottling, with full instructions. Catalogue sent on application.

THE FIRM OF JOHN MATTHEWS.

First Avenue, 26th and 27th sts, New York. w1-15-6m*

Large

Clean

Rays

Wanted at this Office

COLORADO FOR INVALIDS

BY DR. S E SOLLY

Health Resorts of Colo. Springs and Manitou

FOR SALE AT

Thayer & Howbert's and J. H. Bon's

NOTICE.

The second quarterly teacher's examination for El Paso county will be held at the office of the county superintendent in the new Court House at Colorado Springs, commencing at 9 o'clock a m of the 27th day of February, 1885 All persons desirous of passing examination as teachers, will meet me at the above time and place

B A P. EATON,
b-10-tusw-td County Superintendent

EDITION DE LUXE

OF THE

Works of Wm. Hickling Prescott

Messrs J B Lippincott & Co, of Philadelphia, have the pleasure of announcing that their edition de luxe of the works of W. H. Prescott, in fifteen volumes, is now complete.

This edition is printed from the type of the new revised edition, edited by J Foster Kirk, on laid paper of the best quality, printed in the best style for which the press of this house is noted It contains all of the thirty portraits printed on india paper, the plates having been carefully retouched expressly for this edition

This edition corresponds in size and style with the de luxe editions of "Hawthorne" and "Emerson," so that lovers of good books can have these great American authors uniform

The edition is limited to two hundred and fifty copies, which are numbered and registered, a portion of which, by the courtesy of the owners of the English copyright, have been sold in England.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers

Old Canon Coal

Leave Your Orders at

BACON & CARR'S OFFICE.

a-61-1m

Established 1873

EL PASO COUNTY BANK.

Capital Paid in - - - $100,000
Surplus - - - - - 20,000

Transacts a general banking business Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier
J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS OF THE BANK

Wm S Jackson, C. H. Waite, J H Barlow
b-8-tf

First National Bank

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Capital - - $50,000
Surplus Fund - 15,000

IRVING HOWBERT, President
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Cashier A. S. WELCH, Asst. Cashier.

Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business k-2-1

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, E P Tenney, of Colorado Springs, Colo, by his deed of trust, dated March 15th, 1883, recorded in book 40, page 415, of the El Paso county records, to secure the payment of his promissory note for $556, dated March 15th 1883, and payable February 7th, 1884, to the order of Ella J Dickerson, upon which said note there has been paid in all $60 and interest to August 1st, 1883, did convey to C. H. Mills, trustee, the following described property, namely: lots numbered six (6) to eighteen (18) both inclusive, in block J of the D Russ Wood addition to the city of Colorado Springs Colo, and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, now, therefore, I, C H. Mills, as trustee aforesaid, at the request of the legal holder of said note, do hereby give notice that I shall on Saturday the 28th day of February, at the east door of the court house in Colorado Springs, sell to the highest bidder for cash all of said property according to the provisions of said deed of trust. C H. MILLS, Trustee.
a-31-td

W. FENNER & BRO.

Proprietors of

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

And agents for

Canon City, Walsen Cameron, Blacksmith's and MESA ANTHRACITE COAL.

Office at the coal yards near D. & R. G freight depot. Order books at the hardware stores of G. S. Barnes & Son and C E. Durkee Telephone No. 89 j-8 tf

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block.

Painters' Materials and Oils

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calsimining.

Annual Meeting.

The first annual meeting of the Colorado Midland Railway company, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the office of the company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, at twelve (12) o'clock noon on Monday, April sixth (6), 1885.

The stock transfer books will be closed at three p m on the sixth day of March, 1885, and will remain closed until three days after the final adjournment of said meeting.

CHARLES A. LANSING, Secretary
Colorado Springs, Colo., Feb. 14, 1885. wb-14 8

Call for City Warrants.

Notice is hereby given to all persons holding City of Colorado Springs warrants to present the same to the First National bank of Colorado Springs for payment on or before February 21st, 1885, as interest on the same will cease on that date. Warrants Nos. 8,743 to 8,753 inclusive are exempt from this call. D. J MARTIN, City Treasurer.
a 21-td

The Atlantic Monthly

FOR 1885

Will be particularly notable for its serial stories, namely

I.

THE PRINCESS CASAMASSIMA.

By Henry James,

Author of "The Portrait of a Lady," etc.

II.

A COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.

By Mrs Oliphant,

Author of "The Ladies Lindores," "The Wizard's Son," etc.

III.

THE PROPHET OF THE GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAINS.

By Charles Egbert Craddock,

Author of "In the Tennessee Mountains"

IV.

A MARSH ISLAND.

By Sarah Orne Jewett.

Author of "A Country Doctor," "Deephaven," etc.

A new series of papers, entitled "The New Portfolio." By Oliver Wendell Holmes, began in the January Atlantic

Poems, essays, stories and papers on scientific literary and social topics may be expected from Oliver Wendell Holmes, John Greenleaf Whittier, W D. Howells, Henry James, F Marion Crawford, Harriet W. Preston, Henry Cabot Lodge, P. Deming, Edith M Thomas, Thomas William Parsons, George Parsons Lathrop, James Russell Lowell, Maurice Thompson, Thomas Bailey Aldrich Helen Hunt, John Fiske, Mark Twain, Charles Eliot Norton, Horace E Scudder, George E Woodberry, W H. Bishop, Edward Everett Hale, Edward Atkinson, Phillips Brooks, Harriet Beecher Stowe, Lucy Larcom John Burroughs, James Freeman Clarke, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Elizabeth Robins Pennell, Sarah Orne Jewett, L C Wyman, N. S Shaler, Edmund Clarence Stedman, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, E. P. Whipple, and many others.

TERMS: $4 00 a year in advance, postage free. 35 cents a number With superb life-size portrait of Hawthorne, Emerson, Longfellow, Bryant, Whittier, Lowell, or Holmes, $5 00; each additional portrait, $1 00

Postal notes and money are at the risk of the sender and therefore remittances should be made by money-order, draft, or registered letter, to

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO.,
4 Park Street, Boston, Mass.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS

REAL ESTATE,

MINING,

AND

INSURANCE

AGENCY.

104 Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colo.

M. L. DeCOURSEY. JOHN POTTER.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE!

No. 1.

MANITOU PARK!

We offer for sale the

Magnificent Estate

So well known as "MANITOU PARK," consisting of ten thousand (10,000) acres of Patented land, which, from from its peculiar topographical location and surroundings controls a practically unlimited cattle range and pasture, and hundreds of acres of the finest hay land

Parts of this estate are laid off into IMPROVED FARMS there being about 4,000 acres of farm or grass land.

The GRAZING portion of the estate, more or less wooded, comprises 6,000 acres, which is supplemented by thousands more subject to control by whoever owns the Park

A well stocked TROUT STREAM traverses the Park from north to south, about twelve miles of which are contained in the estate—This stream was stocked with the Salmo FONTINALIS, or Eastern trout in 1875-6, and these fish have taken entire possession of its waters to the exclusion of the inferior native trout. The surrounding forests abound with DEER AND MOUNTAIN GROUSE and other game affording unexcelled hunting grounds

Besides the improved farms referred to there is on the estate THE MANITOU PARK HOTEL, a very popular summer resort for our Colorado people It is a three-story structure, solidly built of timber on a stone foundation with stone chimneys. It contains three sitting rooms, sixteen bed rooms, a good kitchen, and servants rooms and offices It is appropriately furnished The range and kitchen appliances are of the best Two detached cottages, a billiard and ball room, a laundry and a ten-stall livery stable, with coach house for six carriages, form part of the establishment.

The location of the hotel is superb, the surrounding views grand, and it is the favorite summer resort of the citizens of Colorado Springs especially

Included in the property is an extensive TROUT FARM, and large fish ponds Here, over a magnificent spring gushing out of a limestone cliff, is a large fish hatching house A live room house, stable corrals, fish ponds for young fry of different sizes and a good fenced hay meadow or pasture, complete this establishment Half a mile from the house is an artificial lake of fifteen acres, which serves as a home or haven for the larger fish to congregate in and mature. Between the big spring and the lake, the water flows through a well protected narrow valley, with willows and Cottonwood and beaver dams, comprising the most perfect natural surroundings for successful trout culture imaginable.

The improved farms on the estate are in excellent condition and well equipped with farm houses, stables, barns, cattle paddocks, stockyards, blacksmith shops, dairies, milking paddocks, ice houses, etc, etc Although the RAINFALL in the Park is considerably in excess of that on the plains, several miles of canal are built to supply the necessary water for irrigation

The barriers erected by nature form sufficient obstacles against encroachment on many parts of the boundary line of the estate, but there are, besides these barriers, eleven miles of fencing, including the fencing on the improved farms.

Many thousands of dollars have been expended on the Park, and it now certainly forms a property which any man might be proud to possess, and is moreover in condition to become a paying investment for any one who will utilize for all it is worth

We offer it at a figure much within its cost, and which makes it an exceedingly cheap property

Parties wishing a more detailed description, with a view to buying, can obtain a pamphlet descriptive of the estate by calling at our office, 104 Tejon street

No. 5.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Near Colorado Springs, in a good location, we have a piece of 520 ACRES, fenced with four miles of wire fence, with six never-failing springs on it, abundant grasses for pasture. This is a piece of property which will rapidly advance in value, and a party buying it, at present figures, can hold it as a good and sure investment.

No. 6.

SHEEP RANCH INTEREST.

We offer for sale for a short time a ONE THIRD INTEREST in one of the largest, best and most profitable sheep concerns in El Paso county, with five fully equipped farms, a large mob of first-class sheep, range for 10 000 sheep Everything in tip top order. The parties running the business are gentlemen and reliable business men and are making money. One of them is compelled to sell out for good reasons, and hence this offer, which, we feel convinced, will soon be snapped up. Here is a chance that seldom presents itself, for a young man to step into a good, ready-made sheep farming business wherein he can become fully educated in association with congenial partners. VERY LITTLE READY MONEY is required to seize this opportunity, and only six per cent will be charged on deferred payments, on which long time will be given

Full particulars may be obtained at our office

No. 8.

IMPROVED N. NEVADA PROPERTY.

A splendid lot, 100 feet front by 190 deep The improvements consist of one house of 7 rooms, stone cellar, very conveniently arranged inside A one room house, nicely arranged for office purposes A five-room cottage with two bay windows, stone cellar, two stables and coach houses, large hay lofts, chicken house and yard, cow shed, water in both stables, house and on lot. Beautiful lawn with fruit and ornamental trees in front of entire property. We can sell this property AT A GREAT BARGAIN

No. 10.

IMPROVED CEN. NEVADA PROPERTY

Lot 37½ by 190 ft., located within two blocks of the postoffice. With comfortable brick house of 7 rooms and bath room Hot and cold water and gas throughout house Plumbing work very thoroughly and carefully done at an expense of $600 Good cellar, nice lawn and trees, small house on back of lot. The furniture in the house can be bought with the property, which is now rented to first-class tenants at figures which pay fifteen per cent on the price we will sell for THIS IS A REAL BARGAIN

No. 2.

BROADMOOR DAIRY

AND

Stock - Farm!

Probably the best and most complete in Colorado, comprising about 1,000 acres of natural and irrigated hay land, fine upland pasture and and valuable timber. A very extensive range, with water in abundance from ever living springs, rising on the farm and from well established ditch rights going with it The farm is completely fenced with 13 miles of practically new barbed wire fence of four wires The improvements on the farm are in prime order and embrace

RESIDENCE of two stories first story of stone, stone cellar, 16 rooms including bath room Hot water furnace and stand pipes throughout, hard wood floors, elegant carved mantel-pieces, hydraulic ram, reservoir and complete system of water works with conducting pipes carrying hot and cold water throughout the grounds, lovely lawn, trees, orchard and small fruits

Three Cottages for ranch employes

Barn holding 100 tons of hay, etc

New stable, double barded and tar paper lined, furnished with all modern, labor-saving appliances and machinery, with stalls for 70 head of stock, and large capacity for hay, grain, etc

DAIRY OR SPRING HOUSE AND ICE HOUSE, built on latest and most improved plans to save labor

All buildings have solid stone foundations Title to land absolutely perfect.

The Ranch and Improvements will be Sold Alone

or the stock of cows, calves, bulls and steers, thoroughbred Jersey, Swiss and grades, with the farm and driving horses, farm machinery, tools, hay presses, etc., complete in every detail, will be sold with the farm or separately if desired

Here is a chance which does not often occur of securing a splendid ranch, hay and dairy farm, in a high state of improvement, and furnished in the minutest detail, at a reasonable price. The owner came to Colorado to recover his health, and having done so, his presence is demanded east. Hence he offers "BROADMOOR" for sale

The proximity of this ranch to the city, makes it particularly desirable for a party whose business would require him to travel frequently to and fro THE RESIDENCE being exactly three miles from the Colorado Springs postoffice

No. 3.

HAY & PASTURE RANCH

A tract of 1,295 acres commencing two miles from Colorado Springs all fenced Raises yearly over 200 tons fine hay; owns private ditch and valuable ditch rights, twenty acres in alfalfa of four years' growth for the last few years about 1 000 bushels of wheat per annum have been raised; large springs of pure water in several places on the ranch; ranch house of 8 rooms, corrals, stable, barn, etc, wagons, tools, horses go with the ranch. The proximity of this ranch to town makes it a popular place for livery men and others to winter their stock on, and a good income may derived from this source

Outside of the ranch is a good range for sheep, and it could be made a fine sheep ranch The owner has got into other business and we can offer this property at a figure which makes it, by long odds the best bargain we know of in this particular class of property. A descriptive plat of the ranch may be seen at our office.

No. 4.

A HOME RANCH

Of 200 ACRES, only one mile from the city limits, all under first-class fence The Fountain creek runs through it, and 40 acres are under ditch and cultivated. Sixty acres more can be put under ditch at not over $100 expense. Ditch rights, living springs and the Fountain furnish abundant water facilities, and in addition to this the house and lawn can draw water from the Colorado Springs water system, the pipes of which run close to the house A station on the Manitou railroad is within a few moments' walk Twenty acres are in grain and 20 acres seeded in blue stem. Forty tons of hay are cut. The grain land yields 70 bushels of oats per acre The place is well located for and the land adapted to fruit raising, and can be made quite profitable used for this purpose, independent of the hay and grain yield, which alone pays a good interest on the money invested The improvements consist of a very comfortable two story frame residence of 8 rooms, with bay window, open stairs fireplace, pantries, closets good cellar, porches on W, N and S sides fine clover lawn, fruit and ornamental trees, large complete stable and barn, with four box stalls and arrangements for four more—stabling for 40 head of horses, cow shed, 3 corrals, hennery, chicken yard with wire-cloth fence, an 8-ton ice house other outhouses

This is a handsome HOME PLACE For price and more detailed description, apply at our office, 104 Tejon street.

No. 7.

GARDEN TRACTS.

We have garden tracts from one up to twenty acres in extent inside the city limits, which we can sell at low prices and on LONG TIME. They can soon be cut up in town lots and sold at a big advance on present figures

No. 9.

IMPROVED WEBER PROPERTY.

Lot 75 by 190 feet, centrally located, with first-class surroundings. Stone house of 7 rooms in good order. City water, lovely lawn, fruit and ornamental trees. A great number of currant bushes in bearing. Also two large beds of asparagus Stable and cow house. One of the most desirable properties in town.

No. 11.

INCOME BEARING PROPERTY.

We have a couple of improved business properties, occupied by entirely reliable tenants, which offer to the purchaser large and certain incomes on the figures demanded for them. Call and see about them.

In addition to the above we have other ranches and improved city properties. We also have some splendid residence corner lots on Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber sts. Also a list of the best lots and improved properties in Manitou, Pueblo, Crested Butte and Glenwood Springs,

We collect rents and other claims, effect insurances on property and life Draw deeds, leases and other documents carefully. Examine and pass upon titles to Real Estate and other instruments of writing.

We Can Sell Some "OLD MAN" Mining Shares.

CALL AT 104 Tejon Street

JOHN POTTER. M. L. DeCOURSEY.